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Vol. 842

J. HŘIMALY



SCALE-STUDIES
FOR
VIOLIN



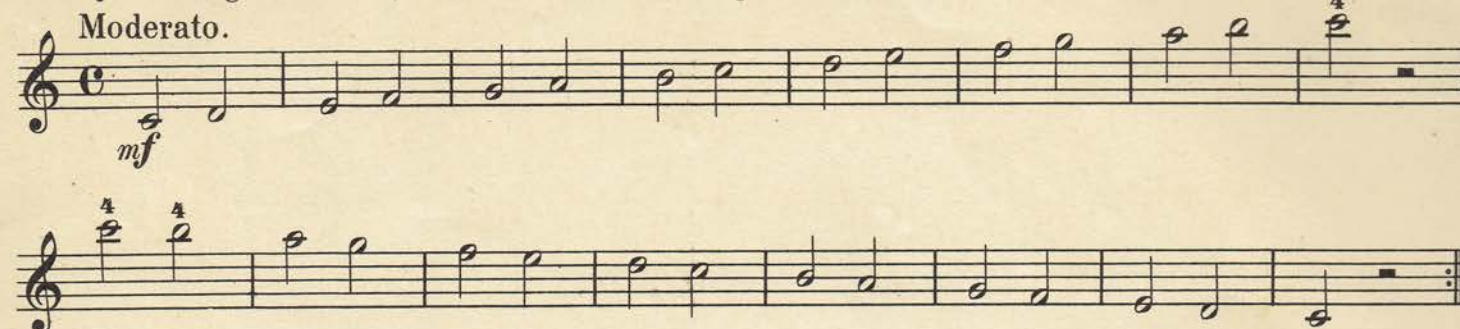
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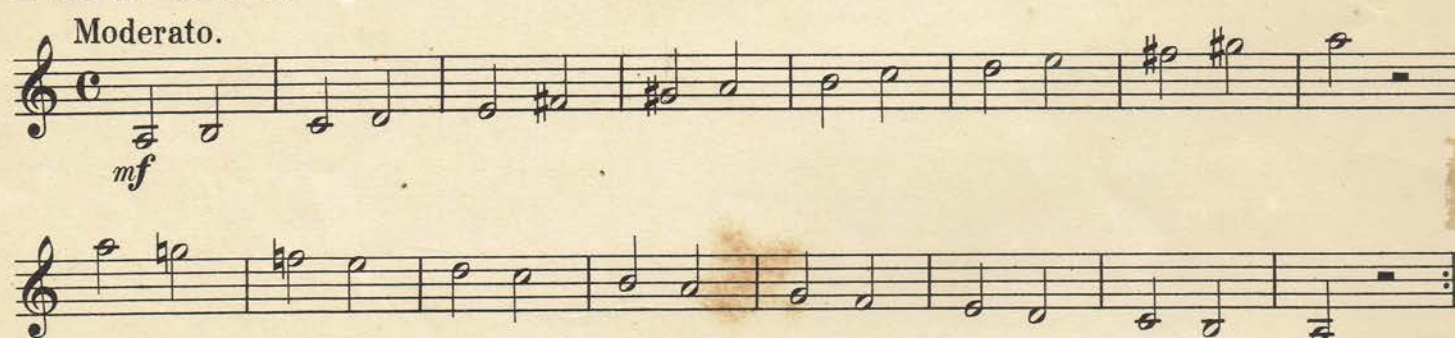
Scale-Studies.

J. Hřimalý.

C Major. Long drawn out, with full tone, and change the bow without a break.



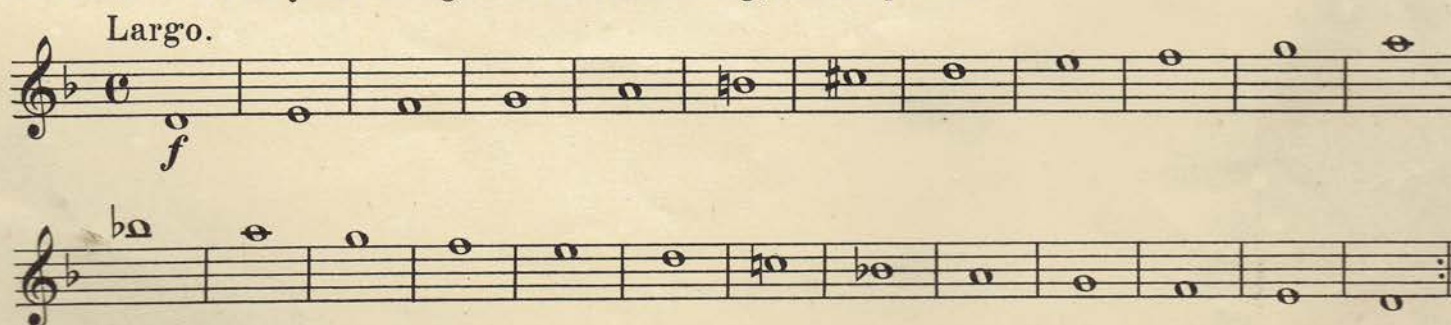
A Minor. As above.



F Major. The *piano* must be soft but clear.



D Minor. An even *forte* throughout. The tone strong, but not pressed.



B^b Major. Have no break between the *forte* and *piano*.

Adagio.

Adagio.

3/4

f *p* *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

p *f* *p* *f* *p* *f*

Repeat sign

G Minor. As above.

Adagio.

[illegible]

E^b Major. Give the up-bow as much accent as the down-bow.

Andante.

Andante.

mf

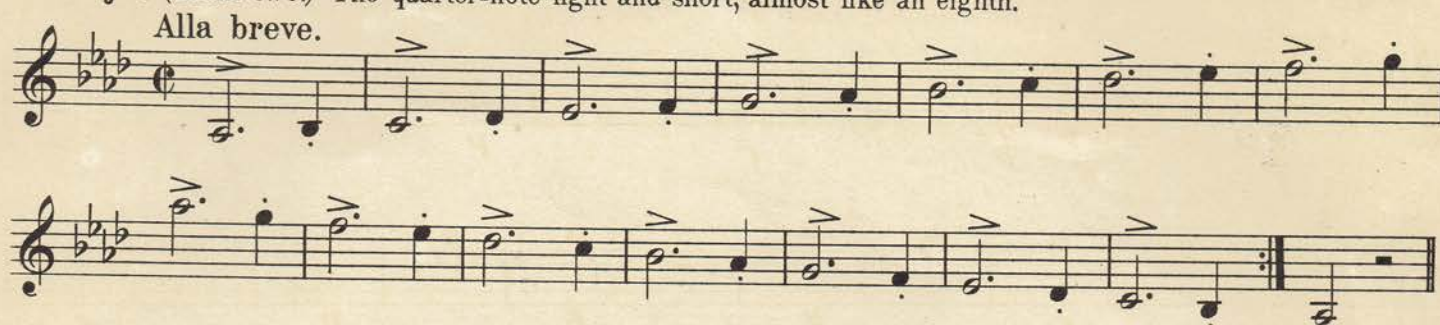
C Minor. As above.

Andante.

Andante.

The musical score is written for two staves in 3/8 time, marked 'Andante.' The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The first staff begins with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a crescendo hairpin. It contains a series of eighth notes, some with accents (>) and others with slurs. The second staff continues the melody, also featuring eighth notes with accents and slurs, and concludes with a double bar line.

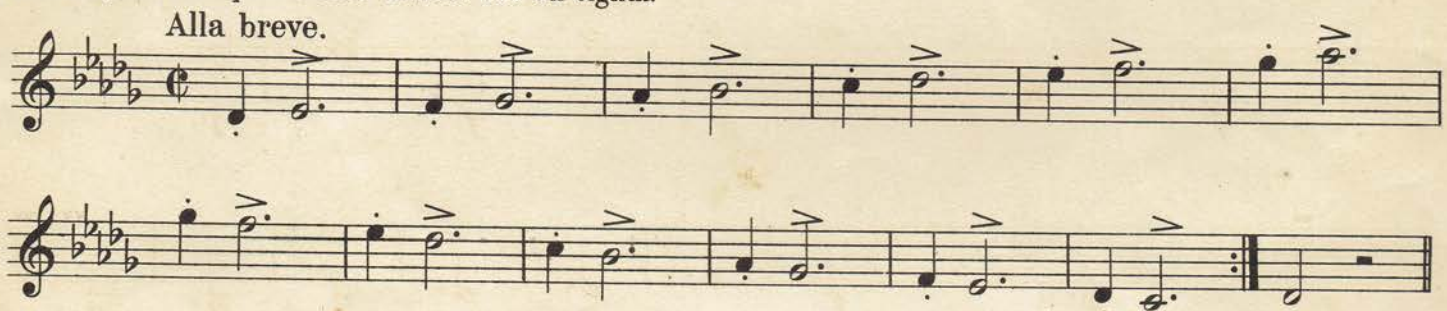
A $\flat$ Major. (Count two.) The quarter-note light and short, almost like an eighth.



F Minor. As above.



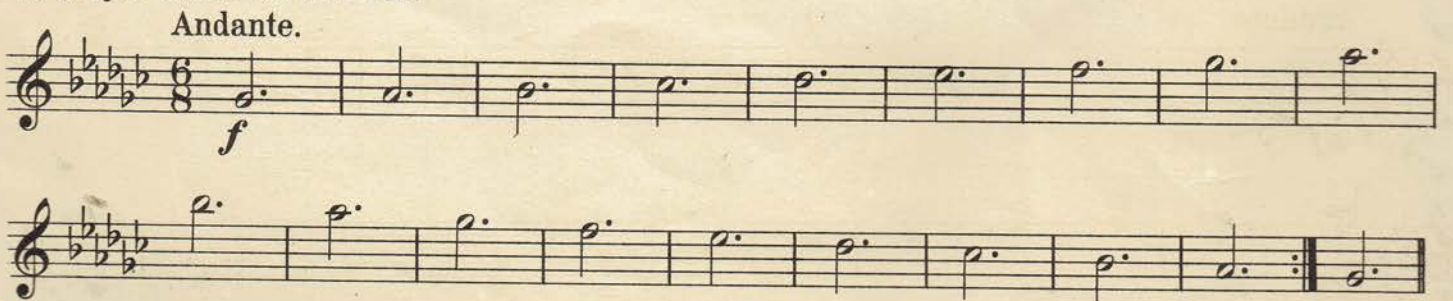
D $\flat$ Major. The quarter-note almost like an eighth.



B $\flat$ Minor. As above.



G $\flat$ Major. Broad and even tone.



E $\flat$ Minor. As soft as possible, holding the bow very lightly.

Andante.

pp

F $\sharp$ Major. The quarter-note short, the accent strong.

Allegro moderato.

mf

D $\sharp$ Minor. As above.

Allegro moderato.

mf

B Major. The quarter-note in the same bow, and somewhat shortened.

Allegro.

mf

G# Minor. Play the eighth-note the same as the quarter in the preceding exercise.

Allegretto.



E Major.

Allegro agitato.



C# Minor.

Allegro agitato.



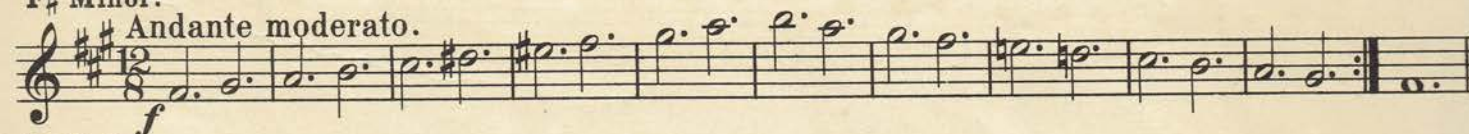
A Major.

Sostenuto.



F# Minor.

Andante moderato.



D Major.

Tempo giusto.



B Minor.

Comodo.



G Major.

Moderato.



E Minor.



First practise these scales *legato*, and then play them with the bowing given below. The correct stopping of the Sixth and Seventh is prepared by the short finger-exercise preceding each minor scale.





Major and Minor Scales Within the First Position.

The previous remarks are a sufficient guide for practice.



This page contains ten staves of musical notation, each featuring a single melodic line. The notation is written in treble clef and includes various key signatures and time signatures. The first nine staves are in common time (C), while the tenth staff is in 3/4 time. The keys progress from one flat (B-flat) to five flats (E-flat). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together in groups, and includes repeat signs and fermatas.

Staff 1: Key of B-flat, Common time (C).
Staff 2: Key of B-flat, Common time (C).
Staff 3: Key of B-flat, Common time (C).
Staff 4: Key of B-flat, Common time (C).
Staff 5: Key of B-flat, Common time (C).
Staff 6: Key of C (no sharps or flats), Common time (C).
Staff 7: Key of D-flat (two flats), 3/4 time.
Staff 8: Key of E-flat (three flats), Common time (C).
Staff 9: Key of F (two sharps), Common time (C).
Staff 10: Key of G (one sharp), 3/4 time.

12 2 2

Nº 1.

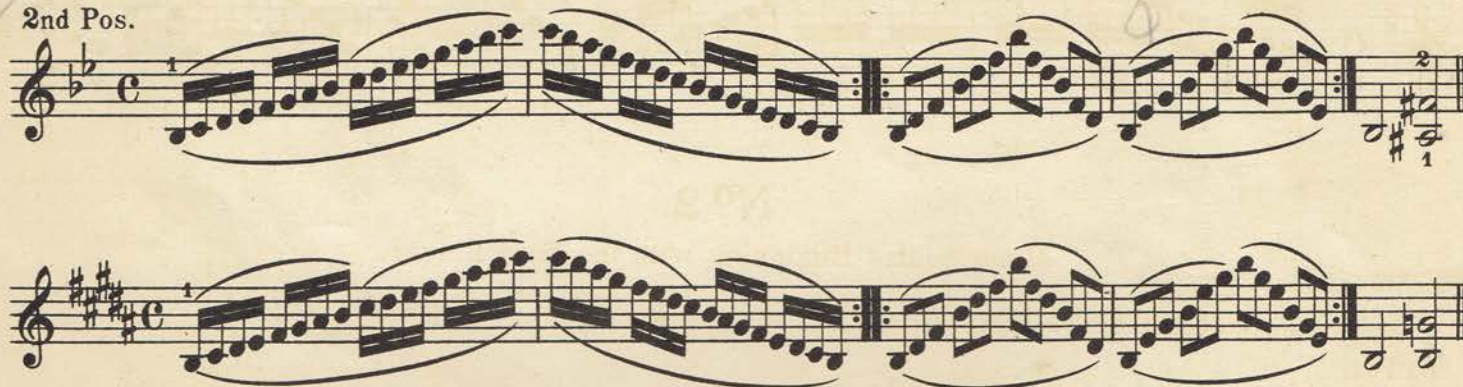
Major Scales Beginning with the First Finger.

Scales without changing position.

1st Position.



2nd Pos.



3rd Pos.



4th Pos.



5th Pos.



6th Pos.



7th Pos.



No 2.

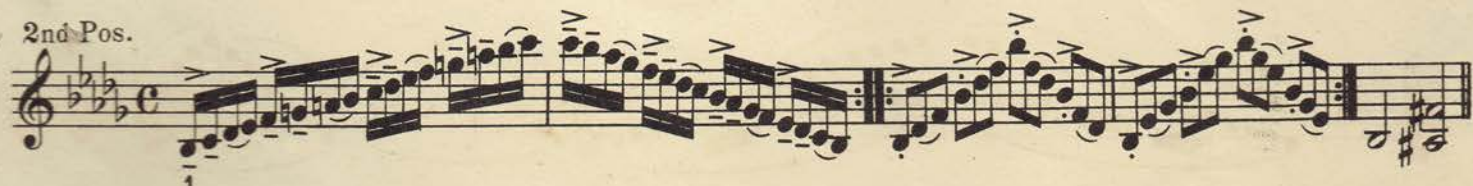
Minor Scales Beginning with the First Finger.

The accents well marked. The first four bowings with the upper half of the bow.

1st Pos.



2nd Pos.



At the point and very short and dry.



The first note sharp and short.

3rd Pos.



With half of the bow, a short pause after the third note, and make the last note sharply staccato.

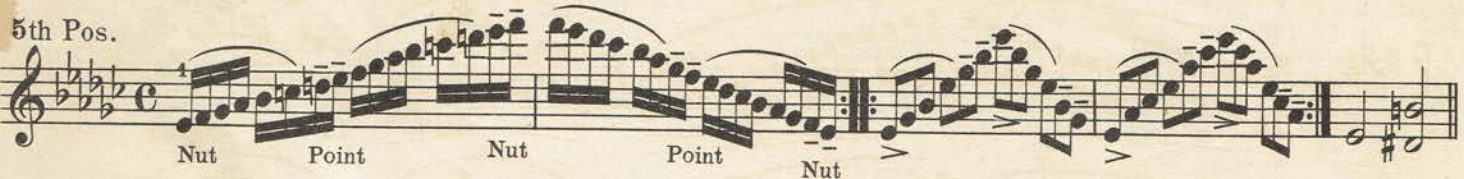


With a brisker style of bowing.

4th Pos.



5th Pos.



Accents well marked. Lively style.

6th Pos.



The detached notes energetically.

7th Pos.



Major Scales Beginning with the Second Finger.

1st Pos.



2nd Pos.



3rd Pos.



4th Pos.



5th Pos.



6th Pos.



7th Pos.



Minor Scales Beginning with the Second Finger.

Softly, near the finger-board.

Détaché



In the middle of the bow, rather briskly. Springing bow.

Sautillé



2nd Pos.

Middle Point



2nd Pos.

Point



3rd Pos.

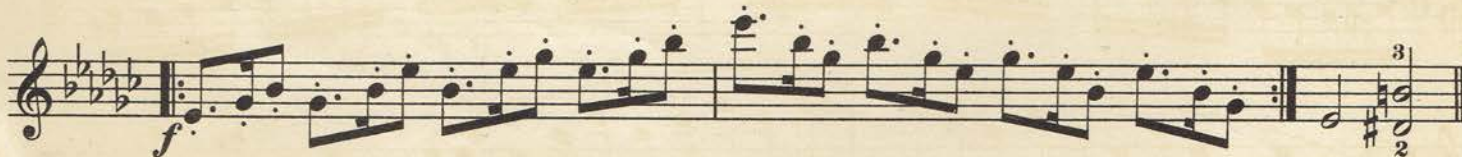
In the middle

Very light staccato.



4th Pos.

The rhythm must be well marked and all the notes short.



Point



5th Pos.

Point



5th Pos. Grand Détaché



More bow as the crescendo increases.

6th Pos. Middle of the bow.



7th Pos. The staccato notes short.

Point



Lively and well accented.

7th Pos.

Point



No 5.

Major Scales Commencing with the Third Finger; and the Study of the Staccato.

1st Position.



2nd Pos.



3rd Pos.



4th Pos.



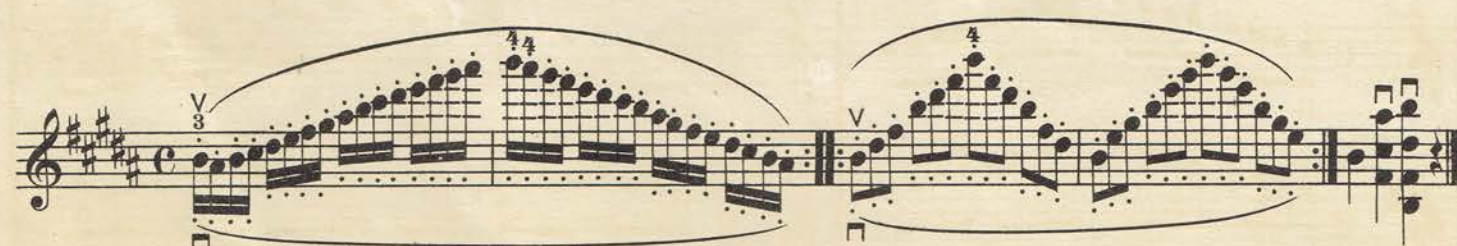
5th Pos.



6th Pos.



7th Pos.



Scales and broken thirds on one string for practice in changing positions.

The left hand must be held quite at ease, with the thumb very flexible. Execute each change of position with precision.

Alternation between the 1st, 3d and 5th Positions.

Two sets of musical exercises for alternation between the 1st, 3rd, and 5th positions. Each set consists of two numbered exercises (No. 1 and No. 2) across four staves.

Exercise No. 1: Shows ascending and descending scales with fingerings (1, 2) and position changes (I, II, III, IV) indicated by Roman numerals and slurs.

Exercise No. 2: Shows ascending and descending scales with fingerings (1, 2) and position changes (I, II, III, IV) indicated by Roman numerals and slurs.

The exercises are written in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The first set (No. 1 and No. 2) is in the key of B-flat major. The second set (No. 3 and No. 4) is in the key of D major.

Alternation between the 2d, 4th and 6th Positions.

Two sets of musical exercises for alternation between the 2nd, 4th, and 6th positions. Each set consists of two numbered exercises (No. 1 and No. 2) across four staves.

Exercise No. 1: Shows ascending and descending scales with fingerings (1, 2) and position changes (I, II, III, IV) indicated by Roman numerals and slurs.

Exercise No. 2: Shows ascending and descending scales with fingerings (1, 2) and position changes (I, II, III, IV) indicated by Roman numerals and slurs.

The exercises are written in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The first set (No. 1 and No. 2) is in the key of B-flat major. The second set (No. 3 and No. 4) is in the key of D major.

Nº 3. Nº 4.

IV
III
II
I

Alternation between the 3d, 5th and 7th Positions.

Nº 1. Nº 2.

IV
III
II
I

Nº 1. Nº 2. Nº 3.

IV
III
II
I

No. 7.

Major and Minor Scales and Arpeggios in Two Octaves, Changing Positions.*)

The musical score consists of eight staves of music, each showing a scale or arpeggio in a specific key and position. The staves are arranged in four pairs, with the first pair in C major, the second in D major, the third in E major, and the fourth in F major. Each staff includes fingerings (1-4) and bowings (1, 2, 3, 4) marked below the notes. The staves are labeled with Roman numerals I, II, III, and IV at the bottom of each pair. The first staff is marked with a '3' above the first measure, and the second staff is marked with a '2' above the first measure. The third staff is marked with a '4' above the first measure, and the fourth staff is marked with a '3' above the first measure. The fifth staff is marked with a '1' above the first measure, and the sixth staff is marked with a '2' above the first measure. The seventh staff is marked with a '1' above the first measure, and the eighth staff is marked with a '3' above the first measure.

*) First practise each of these scales *legato*; then the bowings marked below, and shading, should be practised.



17636

remain

III

This page contains ten staves of musical notation for a piano piece. The key signature is G major (one sharp) and the time signature is common time (C). The notation is characterized by complex fingerings, slurs, and dynamic markings.

The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4 indicated. A slur covers the first two measures, and another slur covers the next two measures. The staff ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

The second staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The third staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The fourth staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The fifth staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The sixth staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The seventh staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The eighth staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The ninth staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The tenth staff continues the melodic line, with fingerings 1, 2, 3, and 4. It also features a slur and a double bar line with a repeat sign.

The piece concludes with a final chord in G major, marked with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

Nº 8.

Further Changing of Positions in Exercises on One String.

Connection of the 1st with 3rd, 5th and 7th positions.

The exercise consists of eight staves of music, each representing a different position (IV, III, II, I, IV, III, II, I). The notation is in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat) and a common time signature (C). The music features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped in pairs or fours, with slurs indicating bowing. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1 and 2 above the notes. The positions are labeled at the beginning of each staff: IV, III, II, I, IV, III, II, and I. The exercise demonstrates the connection between the 1st position and the 3rd, 5th, and 7th positions.

Note: Begin these exercises in slow tempo and gradually increase to *Allegro vivace*. Impure intonation and unevenness should be the best hint to teacher and pupil to return to a slower pace.

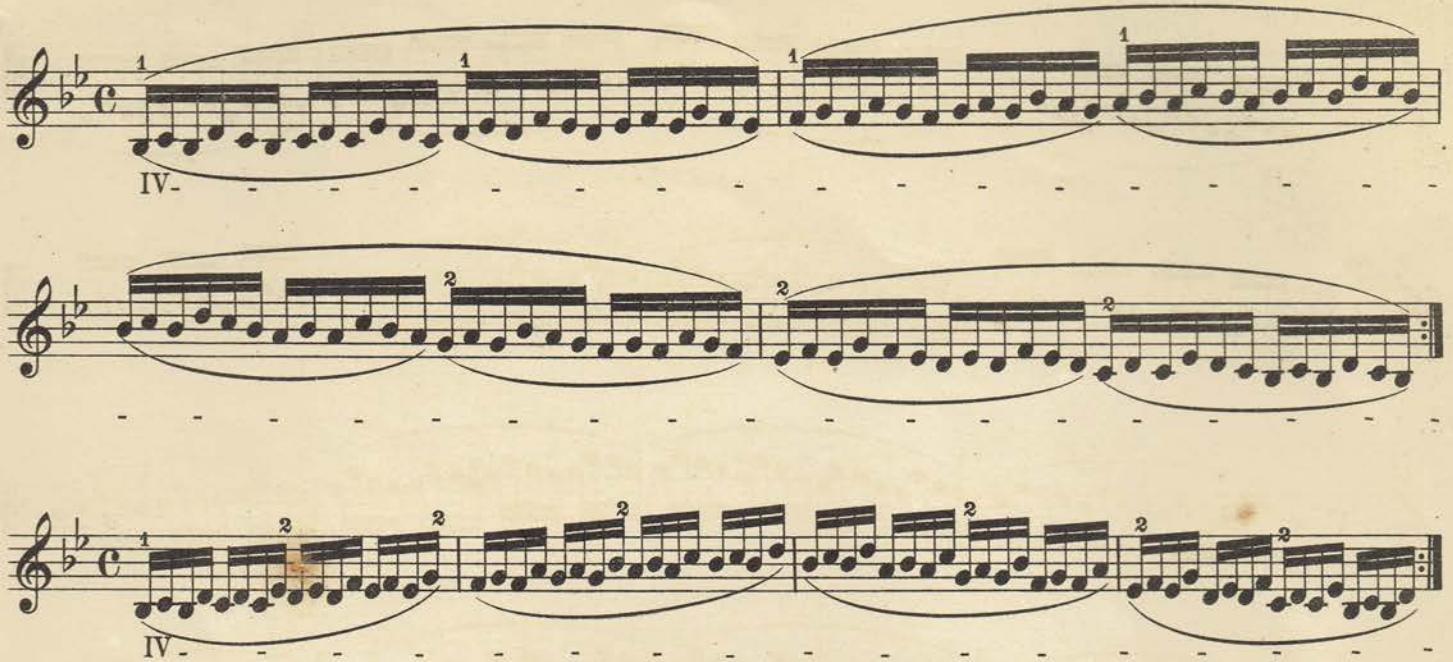
Four staves of musical exercises for the D-string in C major. Each staff contains four measures of eighth-note patterns. The first staff is labeled 'IV' and shows a descending pattern from the 4th position. The second staff is labeled 'III' and shows a descending pattern from the 3rd position. The third staff is labeled 'II' and shows a descending pattern from the 2nd position. The fourth staff is labeled 'I' and shows a descending pattern from the 1st position. Each measure is grouped by a slur and contains a fingering number (1 or 2) above the notes.

Practise the following exercises on the other three strings also, in the same manner.

Three staves of musical exercises for the G-string in C major. Each staff contains four measures of eighth-note patterns. The first staff is labeled 'IV' and shows a descending pattern from the 4th position. The second staff is labeled 'IV' and shows a descending pattern from the 4th position. The third staff is labeled 'IV' and shows a descending pattern from the 4th position. Each measure is grouped by a slur and contains a fingering number (1 or 2) above the notes.

Connection of the 2d, 4th, 6th and 8th positions. Also in F, C and G major on the D, A and E-strings.

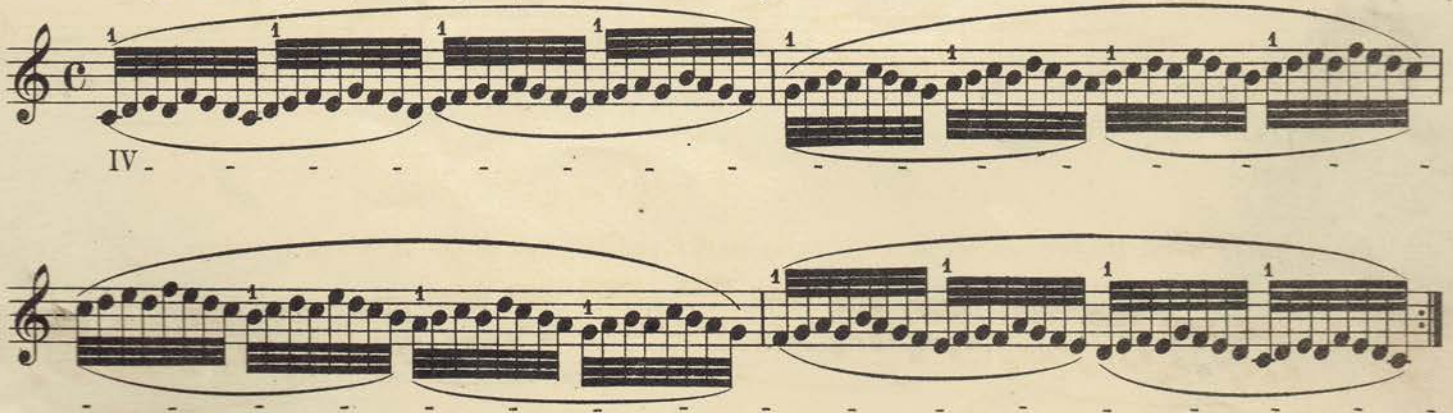
One staff of musical exercises for the D-string in C major. It contains four measures of eighth-note patterns. The first staff is labeled 'IV' and shows a descending pattern from the 4th position. Each measure is grouped by a slur and contains a fingering number (1 or 2) above the notes.



Connection of the 3rd, 5th, 7th and 9th positions. Also on the D, A and E-strings, in G, D and A major.

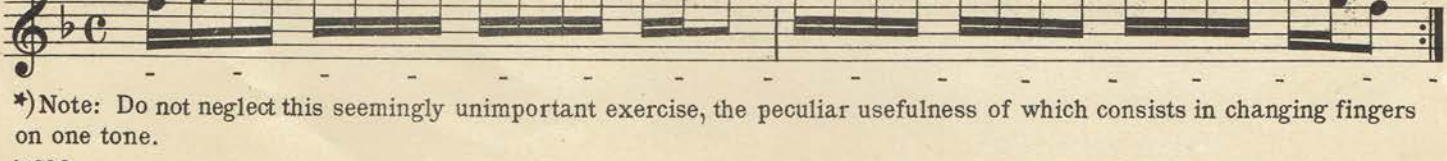
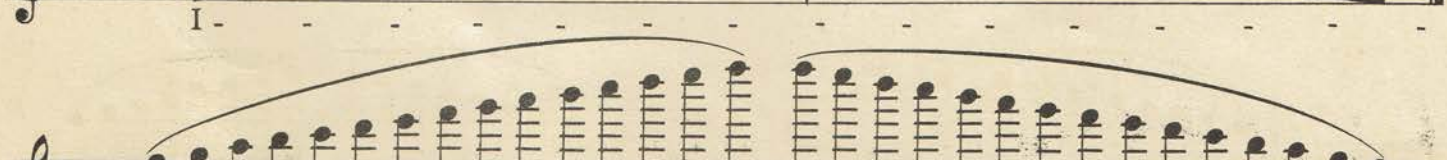


Connection of the 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th positions.



Changing Fingers on One Tone.*)

These exercises, like those preceding, are to be played on all the strings.



*)Note: Do not neglect this seemingly unimportant exercise, the peculiar usefulness of which consists in changing fingers on one tone.



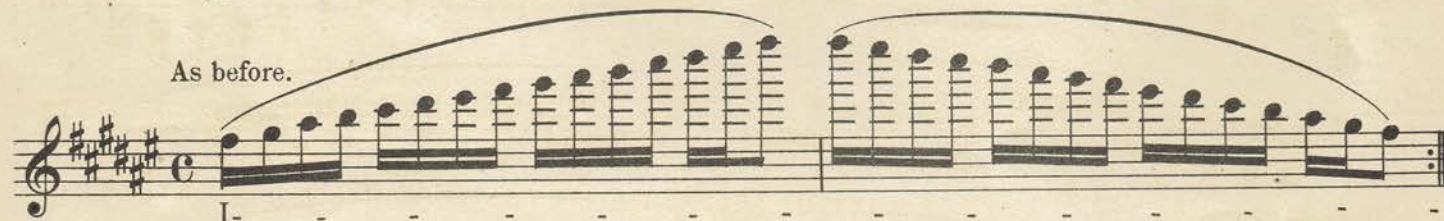
The same fingering.



As before.



As before.



After learning the foregoing, the following 3-octave scales will hardly offer the pupil any difficulties; but he should not neglect some good advice with regard to them. Usually it is the third octave (i.e., the highest) which presents difficulties. In order to save time, and enable his undivided attention to be given to the intonation, the pupil should practise the third octave by itself as directed below. The minor scales in particular, with their raised 6th and 7th in ascending and lowered 6th and 7th in descending, are those which give pupils trouble; and to their intonation special attention should be paid by the teacher.

The fingerings are, of course, the same as those employed in the full 3-octave scales.



This page contains ten staves of musical notation, likely for guitar. Each staff consists of four measures of music. The notation is primarily arpeggiated chords, with fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) indicated above the notes. The key signature starts with one flat (B-flat) and changes to one sharp (F-sharp) after the fourth staff. The music is organized into measures, with repeat signs (double bar lines with dots) indicating sections to be played again. The notation is written on a single-line staff with a treble clef.

The scales through three octaves are to be played in every tempo from *Andante* to *Vivace*, and with every kind of bowing. The bowings are to be copied from Nos. 2, 4 and 5.

The image displays ten staves of musical notation, arranged in two columns of five. Each staff represents a scale exercise in 3/4 time. The exercises are written for a single melodic line, likely for a violin or flute. Each staff includes various fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and bowing directions (indicated by slurs and flags) to guide the performer. The exercises are in different keys: C major, G major, D major, A major, and E major. The notation is clear and professional, typical of a music textbook or method book.

This page contains ten staves of musical notation, likely for a piano solo. The music is written in 3/4 time with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The notation is highly technical, featuring numerous slurs, ties, and complex fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) for both hands. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The music is characterized by rapid, flowing passages with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. There are several instances of trills and grace notes. The notation is arranged in a single system across ten staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The third staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The fourth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The fifth staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The sixth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The seventh staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The eighth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The ninth staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The tenth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The music is written in a single system across ten staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The third staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The fourth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The fifth staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The sixth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The seventh staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The eighth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature. The ninth staff has a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The tenth staff has a bass clef and a 3/4 time signature.

This page contains ten staves of musical notation, likely for a piano solo. The music is written in 3/4 time with a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The notation is characterized by frequent slurs and complex fingerings, including many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The staves are labeled with Roman numerals: III, II, IV, and I. The first staff has a '4' above the first measure. The second staff has a '1' above the first measure. The third staff has a '3' above the first measure. The fourth staff has a '2' below the first measure. The fifth staff has a '1' above the first measure. The sixth staff has a '2' below the first measure. The seventh staff has a '1' above the first measure. The eighth staff has a '1' above the first measure. The ninth staff has a '1' above the first measure. The tenth staff has a '1' above the first measure. The notation includes various fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and slurs, indicating a highly technical piece.

This page contains ten staves of musical notation for a piano piece. The music is written in a key signature of four sharps (F#, C#, G#, D#) and a 3/4 time signature. The notation is characterized by complex fingerings (1-4) and slurs, indicating a technically demanding piece. The first staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The second staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure and a '4' below the second measure. The third staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The fourth staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The fifth staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The sixth staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The seventh staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The eighth staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The ninth staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The tenth staff is marked with a '2' below the first measure. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, and fingerings, indicating a complex and technically demanding piece.

This page contains eight staves of musical notation for guitar, written in G major (one sharp). The notation is highly detailed, featuring complex fingerings and slurs. The first staff is in common time (C), while the subsequent staves are in 3/4 time. The notation includes various musical symbols such as '8', '4', '3', '2', '1', and 'I', which likely represent specific techniques or fingerings. The music is written in a treble clef and includes a key signature of one sharp (F#).

IV

I

I

8

8

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Wishing for this, your latest work, all the success it so well deserves, I am,

Yours faithfully,

NEW YORK, Nov. 22, 1907.

(Signed) JOSEF HOFMANN.

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